

Case Study

6 Areas of Motors monitored 24/7 (plus Bearings & Gearboxes)

Exhaust Fan Motor
200KW – IE3
207 Amps rated
155 Amps optimum
30 day trace – 94 Amps actual

Hot Stone Elevator Motor
45KW – IE3
72 Amps rated
54 Amps optimum
30 day trace – 52 Amps actual

RAP Elevator Motor
22KW – IE3
39 Amps rated
29 Amps optimum
30 day trace – 22 Amps actual

Mixer Motors
55KW – IE3
96 Amps rated
72 Amps optimum
30 day trace – 62 Amps actual

Trunnion Wheel Drive
Motors
22KW – IE3
39 Amps rated
29 Amps optimum
30 day trace – 35 Amps actual

Filler Elevator Motor
22KW – IE3
39 Amps rated
29 Amps optimum
30 day trace – 22 Amps actual

Cost Savings & Benefits

Overheating & Vibration
are proven to reduce
rotating components
lifetime

Overheating & increased
vibration in Bearings &
Gearboxes can indicate,
lubricant failure

Average motor life is
30,000 hours (3 ½ years) -
insulation life is reduced by
50% when overheating &
over current conditions
occur

Cost Saving 1)
Motor cost & replacement time

Cost Saving 2)
Reduced Downtime

Cost Saving 3)
By taking an inefficient
motor out of service, there
is an electricity saving &
reduction in CO2.

Benefit 1)
The client will tend to
purchase replacement
Motors/ gearboxes/
Bearings from the
company monitoring plant
performance

Component lifetime is
increased by early warning
of performance issues

Motors/ Gearboxes/
Bearings replaced during
planned downtime & not
unplanned stoppage

Reduced running/
electricity costs, due to
Early Warning of problems

Benefits to customers in
Sustainability & Net Zero
targets

Case Study



Trunnion Wheel Drive Motors

22KW Nord 3 Phase Motor x 4 – IE3 – 400V – 39.3A

Energy

Optimum loading is 75% = 29.5Amps

ACTUAL (taken from TCE Monitor Dashboard) = 35Amps

KWH Calculation - Amps x Voltage x Hours/ 1000 = KWH

$29.5 \times 400 \times \text{Hours}/1000 = 11.8 \text{ KWH}$

Electricity cost supplied by client = £0.37 per KWH

Running cost optimum = £0.37 x 11.8KWH = £4.37/ hour

Running Cost ACTUAL = £0.37 x 14KWH = £5.18/ hour

24/7 operation = 732 hours per month

Running Cost Optimum = £3198

Running Cost ACTUAL = £3792

Extra Running Cost per Motor = £593 (x 12 months) = £7116

CO2

Optimum = 2.8kg = 2049kg

ACTUAL = 3.2kg = 2342kg

Extra CO2 = 293kg = 0.293 Tonnes x
12 months = 3.5 tonnes

ROI Calculation

57 Asphalt Plants

Cost of TCE Monitor @ £20,000 per
site (Dryer/ Mixer/ Elevators/
Screen) = £1,140,000

Electricity Saving = £28,464 per
Dryer x 57 = £1,622,448

50% Increase in Motor life –
average cost of 22KW Nord Motor =
£3000. $4 \times £3000/2 = £6000 \times 57 =$
£342,000

Resultant verified cost saving =
£1,964,448 - £1,140,000 =

£824,448



Case Study 2



RAP Elevator Motor

9.2KW Nord 3 Phase Motor – IE3 – 400V – 9.65A

Energy

Optimum loading is 75% = 7.23Amps

ACTUAL (taken from TCE Monitor Dashboard) = 22Amps

KWH Calculation - Amps x Voltage x Hours/ 1000 = KWH

$7.23 \times 400 \times \text{Hours}/1000 = 2.9 \text{ KWH}$

Electricity cost supplied by client = £0.37 per KWH

Running cost optimum = £0.37 x 2.9KWH = £1.07/ hour

Running Cost ACTUAL = £0.37 x 8.8KWH = £3.26/ hour

24/7 operation = 732 hours per month

Running Cost Optimum = £783

Running Cost ACTUAL = £2386

Extra Running Cost per Motor = £1603 (x 12 months) = £19,224



CO2

Optimum = 0.68kg = 498kg

ACTUAL = 2.05kg = 1500kg

Extra CO2 = 1002kg = 1.002 Tonnes
x 12 months = 12.02 tonnes

ROI Calculation

57 Asphalt Plants

Cost of TCE Monitor @ £20,000 per site (Dryer/ Mixer/ Elevators/ Screen) = £1,140,000

Electricity Saving = £19,224 per RAP Elevator x 57 = £1,095,768

50% Increase in Motor life –
average cost of 22KW Nord Motor =
 $\frac{£3000}{2} = £1500 \times 57 = £85,500$

Resultant verified cost saving =
 $£1,181,268 - £1,140,000 =$

£41,268

